NEWTON COUNTY: Key Data Points

- The county has a slightly lower overall birth rate compared to the state of Indiana overall, 9.8 versus 14.0 respectively.
- A higher percentage of women in Newton county are smoking during pregnancy, compared to the state, 28.4% versus 18.5% respectively
- Newton county witnessed 8 accidental deaths (3 of which were motor vehicle), no suicidal deaths and no homicides

Note: All figures relate to 2004 data from the Indiana State Department of Health, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1: Births

8								
	Total		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*
Newton County	141	9.8	140	9.9	0	0(U)	1	5.8(U)
INDIANA	87,125	14.0	75,680	13.7	9,582	17.5	1,863	11.7

^{*} births per 1,000 population; U = unstable rate, based on fewer than 20 births

Figure 2: Infant Mortality

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		NUMBER				RATE*		
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE	REPORTED RACE/ ETHNICITY	Live Births	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)
NEWTON	All Races	141	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	White	140	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other	1	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hispanic	10	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
INDIANA	All Races	87,125	702	472	230	8.1	5.4	2.6
	White	75,680	522	354	168	6.9	4.7	2.2
	Black	9,582	164	105	59	17.1	11.0	6.2
	Other	1,863	16	13	3	**	**	**
	Hispanic	7,237	65	50	15	9.0	6.9	**

^{*}rate per 1,000 live births **Numerator is less than 20 and the rate is unstable

Figure 3: Outcome Indicators of Mother, by Race

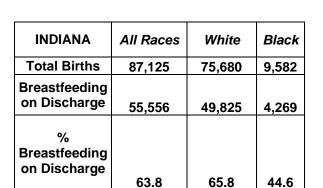
		Birth Weight				During Pregnancy		
NEWTON COUNTY	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)	% Preterm [†]	% PNC 1st	% Alcohol	% Smoked	% Unmarried Parents
All Races	155	9.7	0.6	7.1	84.5	1.3	28.4	36.1
White	154	9.7	0.6	7.1	84.4	1.3	28.6	35.7
Black	0	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

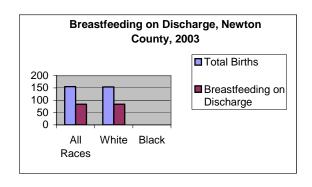
		Birth V			During Pregnancy			
INDIANA	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)		% PNC 1st Trimester		% Smoked	% Unmarried Parents
All Races	86,382	7.9	1.4	9.9	80.6	0.6	18.5	37.1
White	75,422	7.2	1.2	9.5	82.1	0.6	19.1	32.6
Black	9,288	13.3	3.3	13.3	68.2	1.1	15.2	76.3

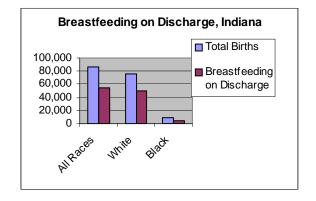
[†] Preterm: less than 37 weeks gestation

Figure 4: Breastfeeding

NEWTON COUNTY	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	155	154	0
Breastfeeding on Discharge	84	84	0
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	54.2	54.5	







[‡] PNC: Prenatal Care

^{&#}x27;S' Significantly different than the state percent

^{***} Outcomes for this county are suppressed due to 20 or fewer total births

Figure 5: HIV/AIDS

	Total # of AIDS cases reported since 1982*	Total # of HIV cases reported since 1985*
NEWTON	7	2
COUNTY		
INDIANA	7,989	3,945

^{*}numbers current through June 2006

Figure 6: Nutritional Risk Factors by Status,

Indiana WIC Clinics, Quarter Ending 09/30/2004

Local Agency: Northwest Family Services, Inc.									
Counties Included: Hammond, Gary, Newton, Porter, Pulaski, Jasper,									
Lake Children 1-5 years of Age %									
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency		
Overweight	140	112	95	0	7	354	4.5 %		
At Risk for becoming Overweight	164	131	106	0	11	412	5.2%		
Local Agenc	•								
Counties Inc						П	0.4		
D	Childr	<u>en 1-5 y</u>	ears of Ag	e			%		
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency		
Overweight	1,732	445	800	12	97	3,086	4.8%		
At Risk for becoming Overweight	2,023	485	639	11	124	3,282	5.1%		

	Priority Benchmarks (Newton & Indiana)		
D	emographics: Percentage of population enrolled in Medicaid, Percentage of population enrolled in Food Stamps.	Newton	Indiana
1	% of Population enrolled in Medicaid as of June 2003	11	12.4
2	% of Population in Food Stamps Program, 2005	7.2	9.0
I	Priority #1 (pregnancy outcomes): Average Infant Mortality Rate, Average Fetal death Rate	Newton	Indiana
1	Av Total Infant Death Rate (1995-2004)	NS	7.9
2	Average Fetal Death Rate (1995-2004)	NS	6.6
	Priority #2 (reduce barriers): Health Professional Shortage Areas, Percentage of women with prenatal care in first trimester	Newton	Indiana
1	Scores for Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) (2005)	8	NA
2	% PNC 1st Trimester†, 2004	81.6	79.3
Pı	riority #4 (environmental): Prevalence of asthma, Childhood lead poisoning	Newton	Indiana
1	Prevalence of Asthma in a Medicaid Cohort of Children age 0-17 years, 2003	6.4	10.4
2	%Estimated Lead Blood Levels (%EBLL) for Children under 6 years old FY 2005-2006	2.42	2.42
P	riority #5 (tobacco): Percentage of mothers who smoked during pregnancy, Percentage of Adult Smoking	Newton	Indiana
1	% of mothers Smoked During Pregnancy, 2004	30.5	18.0
2	% of Adult Smoking in 2003	29.2	29.3
	Priority #7 (adolescent risk behaviors): Adolescent deaths due to motor vehicle accidents, Chlamydia rates (ages 15-24).	Newton	Indiana
1	Number of Adolescent (15-24) deaths due to Motor vehicle accidents (2002-2004)	4	771
2	Chlamydia rates per 100,000 county specific population (15-24yrs of Age)	604.83	1602.35
	Priority #8 (obesity): Obesity in pregnant women	Newton	Indiana
1	Number of Obese Pregnant Women In Indiana, 2004	3	2,827
P	riority #9 (domestic violence, childhood injury): Child deaths due to Injury, Child abuse and neglect rates	Newton	Indiana
1	Child deaths due to Injury 1-14yrs (2002-2004)	0	279
2	Child Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Population under age 18, 2004	11.4	13.5
	Priority #10 (To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes): Percentage of Hispanic Population of any Race, LBW Disparity Ratio	Newton	Indiana
1	% of Hispanic Population of any Race, 2005	3.5	4.5
2	Low Birth Weight Disparity Ratio (B/W) (1995-2004)	NS	1.88

Source: Data Analysis Team, ISDH; Health Resources and Service Administration; Indiana Prevention Resource Center; Data analysis team, Office of Medicaid Policy & Planning. Notes: 1. NS= Not Stable 2. NA = Not Available 3. Infant Mortality rate and Fetal Death rate is for 1000 live births. 4. Low Birth Weight: Birth Weight Less than 2,500grams. 5. HPSA Score ranges 1 – 25. The higher the score, the higher the need. 6. EBLL: Ten (10) micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood for one venous test; %EBLL is based on screening rate of 27% Statewide, unduplicated kids 7. Obesity in Pregnant Women determined by "Concurrent Illness Obesity" checkbox on the birth certificate 8. PNC percentages are calculated using total births in each County.